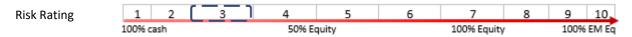


RHIM STRATEGIC MODEL FACTSHEET

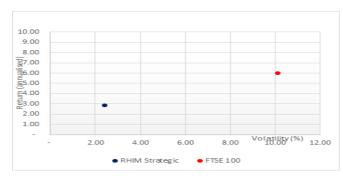
The RHIM Strategic model is a defensive multi-asset portfolio which aims to generate growth ahead of inflation over a rolling 3 year period yet operate with a low level of volatility, using collective investment schemes (funds). The emphasis is on capital preservation and steady returns. The majority of the model will be invested in lower risk funds, with a maximum of 30% permitted in traditional equity funds. Targeted absolute return funds and fixed income will be used, in addition to property and cash as deemed appropriate. Asset allocation will be actively managed whilst maintaining a low risk profile. Any falls in the value of a portfolio should usually be small. However, potential returns are also likely to be modest. The model will sit within risk profile 3 on a scale of 1-10, where 1 is cash and 10 is 100% in emerging markets. Please see the reverse for historical volatility and peak to trough data.



Commentary MARCH 2019 UPDATE

The model gained 2.6% over the three months as equities and bond rallied strongly following a sharp correction in December when investors panicked about the slower growth outlook and tighter monetary conditions from central banks. A few words from J Powell (US Federal Reserve Chair) indicating a pause in any further tightening has since resulted in a 'relief rally,' despite a continued deterioration in economic fundamentals. Over the year the model gained 1.4%, aided by strong returns from Newton Global Income (+14.3%) and Polar Capital Global Convertibles (+11.3%). UK equity funds such as GLG UK Income delivered a respectable 6.9%. Offsetting these positive returns were Merian Global Equity Absolute Return which declined 8.5% and Jupiter Absolute Return which fell 4.2% over the year. These particular funds are positioned for a risk off environment and have suffered as equity markets have rallied more recently. However, the funds protected capital well during market corrections seen in October and December both making positive returns in this environment and helping to cushion the downside in the Strategic model; in Q4 the model declined 2.7% whilst the FTSE 100 fell 9.6%. Another key diversifying asset (Merian Gold and Silver) has been performing strongly, up 5.2% over 3 months and 10.9% over six months.

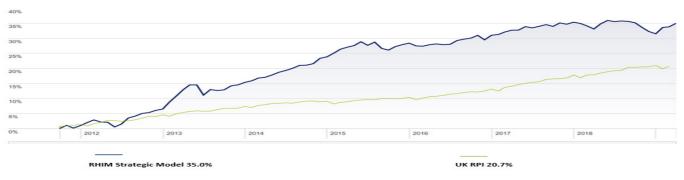
Risk Return (5 years) as at 31st March



Performance (Cumulative) as at 31st March 2019

	1 year	5 years	10 years	Since Inception
RHIM Model	1.40%	15.34%	n/a	34.99%

Performance Chart since inception





Asset allocation **RHIM Strategic**

Launch Date 1st October 2011

IA Sector N/A

Key Facts

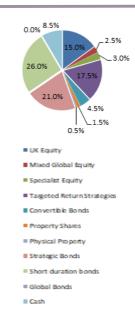
Private Client Index (PCI) N/A

RHIM Fee 0.5% + VAT

No. Holdings 17

Historical Yield 2.8% (as at 31.03.19)

The Historic Yield reflects distributions declared over the past twelve months as a percentage of the valuation as at the date shown. Investors may be subject to tax on their distributions.



Risk Statistics - Data as at 31st March	Annualised Return	Annualised Volatility	Worst Peak to Trough
RHIM Model – 3 years	1.82%	2.36%	-4.03%
(FTSE 100 for info only)	10.0%	9.9%	-14.5%
RHIM Model – 5 years	2.90%	2.40%	-4.03%
(FTSE 100 for info only)	6.0%	10.1%	-20.0%
RHIM Model – since inception	4.08%	2.93%	-4.61%
(FTSE 100 for info only)	8.9%	10.6%	-20.0%

Risk

Higher-risk investments tend to experience greater volatility, which means they are likely to go up and down in value more often and by larger amounts than lower-risk investments. In return, higher-risk investments have the potential to produce higher returns over the long term, although this is not guaranteed. If you do not understand the risks involved with the portfolio it is important that you seek clarification from your Financial Adviser before making an investment.

This Factsheet

This factsheet demonstrates the exposure, characteristics and performance of the named RHIM model. Your actual portfolio may differ depending on your individual circumstances. All features described in this fact sheet are current at the time of publication and may be changed in the future.

Some funds will hold overseas assets and as a result will also have exposure to overseas currencies. Exchange rates can fluctuate and may cause the value of the investment to rise or fall.

Investment Term

It is generally accepted that equity investments should be regarded as long term investments and should be held for a minimum of five years, ideally longer. Your time horizon and capacity for loss are important considerations when selecting the most appropriate RHIM model.

Property Funds

The value of property is generally a matter of a valuer's opinion which may not be readily realisable. There are liquidity risks associated with investing in property whereby encashments may be delayed waiting for properties to be sold.

Performance

It should be noted that past performance is not necessarily a guide to future performance. The price of shares/units and income from them may fall as well as rise and is not guaranteed. RHIM Performance illustrated is net of fund charges, but does not include Richmond House Investment Management discretionary management fees, nor fees that may be incurred through your Financial Adviser. PCI returns are net of the Discretionary Manager charges and use provisional data.

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