

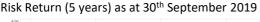
RHIM DYNAMIC MODEL FACTSHEET

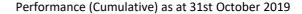
The RHIM Dynamic model aims to produce an attractive level of capital growth over the medium term with lower volatility than the IA sector, investing in collective investment schemes. This is a multi-asset global portfolio with an equity weight of between 50% and 75% which will involve investing in UK and overseas equities, including emerging markets. However, the model will typically also use targeted absolute return funds in order to reduce volatility associated with equity investing and at least 15% will be also invested in fixed interest and/or property as deemed appropriate. Asset allocation will be actively managed around the higher side of medium risk profile. This means investors should be comfortable with periods of volatility, although this is expected to be lower than a pure equity portfolio. The model will sit within risk profile 5 on a scale of 1-10, where 1 is cash and 10 is 100% high risk equity markets. Please see the reverse for historical volatility and peak to trough data.

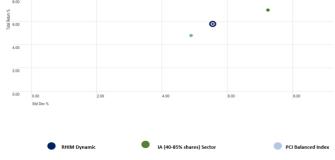
Risk Rating	1	2	3	4	5	ר	6	7	8	9	10
	100% cash			50% Equity			100% Equity			100% EM Eq	

Commentary October 2019 UPDATE

The Dynamic model was down 2.4% over the last three months as bond yields rose, making cashflows in the future worth less today. The global economy slowed as China deals with the strains in its banking sector and Trump's trade wars. However, the central banks in Europe and, more importantly, the U.S.A have started to push money back into the market and this should be supportive of financial assets going forwards. October was dominated by the announcement of a deal between the Prime Minister and the European Union which caused UK equities and the pound to surge. The stronger currency meant that overseas earnings were worth less in sterling terms but UK smaller companies were up 2.1% in the case of the Franklin UK Managers' Focus fund compared to the 3.1% fall in the FTSE 100 index of multinational companies. The same dynamics were apparent in fixed income markets with the strategic bond funds that are hedged back to sterling up 1.5% over three months while the emerging market and convertible debt funds that have overseas currency risk lost value. Over the year, the Dynamic model was up 6.1% as equities and bonds have risen on the back of easier monetary conditions even though the global economy has slowed.







	1 year	5 years	10 years	Since Inception
RHIM Model	6.14%	29.55%	93.14%	130.82%
PCI Return	5.97%	24.25%	64.91%	80.59%
IA Sector	8.22%	38.65%	98.50%	108.16%

Performance Chart since inception





INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT

Key Facts RHIM Dynamic

Launch Date 1st January 2006

IA Sector IA 40-85% Sector

Private Client Index (PCI) PCI Balanced Index

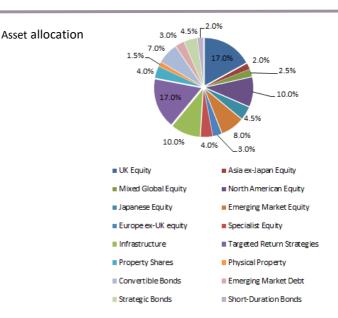
RHIM Fee 0.5% + VAT

No. Holdings 23

Historical Yield 2.79% (as at 31.10.19)

The Historic Yield reflects distributions declared over the past twelve months as a percentage of the valuation as at the date shown. Investors may be subject to tax on their distributions.

Risk Statistics-Data as at 30th September 2019



Worst Peak to Trough

RHIM Model – 3 years	4.95%	5.31%	8.01%	
IA Sector	6.31%	6.83%	9.48%	
RHIM Model – 5 years	5.79%	5.55%	8.16%	
IA Sector	6.98%	7.25%	12.49%	
RHIM Model – since inception	6.38%	7.40%	21.18%	
IA Sector	5.56%	9.64%	31.77%	

Annualised Return

Risk

Higher-risk investments tend to experience greater volatility, which means they are likely to go up and down in value more often and by larger amounts than lower-risk investments. In return, higher-risk investments have the potential to produce higher returns over the long term, although this is not guaranteed. If you do not understand the risks involved with the portfolio it is important that you seek clarification from your Financial Adviser before making an investment.

This Factsheet

This factsheet demonstrates the exposure, characteristics and performance of the named RHIM model. Your actual portfolio may differ depending on your individual circumstances. All features described in this fact sheet are current at the time of publication and may be changed in the future.

Currency

Some funds will hold overseas assets and as a result will also have exposure to overseas currencies. Exchange rates can fluctuate and may cause the value of the investment to rise or fall.

Investment Term

It is generally accepted that equity investments should be regarded as long term investments and should be held for a minimum of five years, ideally longer. Your time horizon and capacity for loss are important considerations when selecting the most appropriate RHIM model.

Annualised Volatility

Property Funds

The value of property is generally a matter of a valuer's opinion which may not be readily realisable. There are liquidity risks associated with investing in property whereby encashments may be delayed waiting for properties to be sold.

Performance

It should be noted that past performance is not necessarily a guide to future performance. The price of shares/units and income from them may fall as well as rise and is not guaranteed. RHIM Performance illustrated is net of fund charges, but does not include Richmond House Investment Management discretionary management fees, nor fees that may be incurred through your Financial Adviser. PCI returns are net of the Discretionary Manager charges and use provisional data.

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