

RHIM DYNAMIC MODEL FACTSHEET

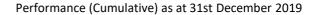
The RHIM Dynamic model aims to produce an attractive level of capital growth over the medium term with lower volatility than the IA sector, investing in collective investment schemes. This is a multi-asset global portfolio with an equity weight of between 50% and 75% which will involve investing in UK and overseas equities, including emerging markets. However, the model will typically also use targeted absolute return funds in order to reduce volatility associated with equity investing and at least 15% will be also invested in fixed interest and/or property as deemed appropriate. Asset allocation will be actively managed around the higher side of medium risk profile. This means investors should be comfortable with periods of volatility, although this is expected to be lower than a pure equity portfolio. The model will sit within risk profile 5 on a scale of 1-10, where 1 is cash and 10 is 100% high risk equity markets. Please see the reverse for historical volatility and peak to trough data.

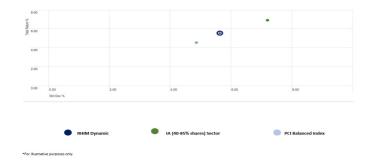
Risk Rating	1	2	3	4	5	ר	6	7	8	9	10
	100% cash			50% Equity				100% Equity		100% EM Eq	

Commentary December 2019 UPDATE

The Dynamic model was up 2.7% over the last three months as UK equities gained on the likelihood of a Conservative win in the election. Smaller companies with a focus on the UK were cheaper given the threat of Brexit and Corbyn's Labour party so they rallied the most. The Dynamic model was biased to these companies and two of the funds were up 10% in the quarter and two were up 15%. Overseas equities struggled to make money in sterling terms as the pound strengthened but the two emerging market funds were up 3-4% as beneficiaries of the sharp increase in liquidity now being provided by the U.S. central bank. This was also a helpful backdrop for the gold price and the fund's gold equity fund which was up 6% in the quarter. Gold is a useful hedge against a weaker dollar and geopolitical tension as was proved when the U.S.A. killed the second-most powerful man in Iran at the end of the year. Over the year, the Dynamic model was up 13.4% as equities and bonds have risen on the back of easier monetary conditions even though the global economy has slowed.

Risk Return (5 years) as at 31st December 2019





	1 year	5 years	10 years	Since Inception
RHIM Model	13.36%	30.92%	96.22%	140.25%
PCI Return	11.33%	24.75%	63.54%	84.40%
IA Sector	15.97%	39.65%	97.15%	115.36%

Performance Chart since inception





INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT

Asset allocation

RHIM Dynamic Key Facts

1st January 2006

IA Sector IA 40-85% Sector

Private Client Index (PCI) **PCI Balanced Index**

RHIM Fee 0.5% + VAT

No. Holdings 27

Launch Date

Historical Yield 2.39% (as at 31.12.19)

The Historic Yield reflects distributions declared over the past twelve months as a percentage of the valuation as at the date shown. Investors may be subject to tax on their distributions.



Risk Statistics-Data as at 31st December 2019	Annualised Return	Annualised Volatility	Worst Peak to Trough	
RHIM Model – 3 years	5.21%	5.38%	-6.74%	
IA Sector	6.22%	6.72%	-8.28%	
RHIM Model – 5 years	5.54%	5.63%	-6.74%	
IA Sector	6.90%	7.21%	-8.71%	
RHIM Model – since inception	6.46%	7.38%	-18.37%	
IA Sector	5.63%	9.57%	-29.19%	

Risk

Higher-risk investments tend to experience greater volatility, which means they are likely to go up and down in value more often and by larger amounts than lower-risk investments. In return, higher-risk investments have the potential to produce higher returns over the long term, although this is not guaranteed. If you do not understand the risks involved with the portfolio it is important that you seek clarification from your Financial Adviser before making an investment.

This Factsheet

This factsheet demonstrates the exposure, characteristics and performance of the named RHIM model. Your actual portfolio may differ depending on your individual circumstances. All features described in this fact sheet are current at the time of publication and may be changed in the future.

Some funds will hold overseas assets and as a result will also have exposure to overseas currencies. Exchange rates can fluctuate and may cause the value of the investment to rise or fall.

Investment Term

It is generally accepted that equity investments should be regarded as long term investments and should be held for a minimum of five years, ideally longer. Your time horizon and capacity for loss are important considerations when selecting the most appropriate RHIM model.

Property Funds

The value of property is generally a matter of a valuer's opinion which may not be readily realisable. There are liquidity risks associated with investing in property whereby encashments may be delayed waiting for properties to be sold.

Performance

It should be noted that past performance is not necessarily a guide to future performance. The price of shares/units and income from them may fall as well as rise and is not guaranteed. RHIM Performance illustrated is net of fund charges, but does not include Richmond House Investment Management discretionary management fees, nor fees that may be incurred through your Financial Adviser. PCI returns are net of the Discretionary Manager charges and use provisional data.

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