

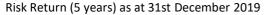
RHIM BLENDED MODEL FACTSHEET

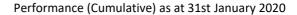
The RHIM Blended model aims to produce moderate levels of capital growth over the medium term with lower volatility than the IA sector average, investing in collective investment schemes. This is a multi-asset global portfolio with an equity weight between 45% and 65% which will include overseas equity exposure. The model will also typically use targeted return funds in order to reduce volatility associated with equity investing and at least 20% will be invested in fixed interest and/or property as deemed appropriate. Asset allocation will be actively managed whilst maintaining a balanced risk profile. Investors should be comfortable with periods of volatility, although this is expected to be lower than a pure equity portfolio. The model will sit within risk profile 5 on a scale of 1-10, where 1 is cash and 10 is 100% in high risk equity markets. Please see the reverse for historical volatility and peak to trough data.

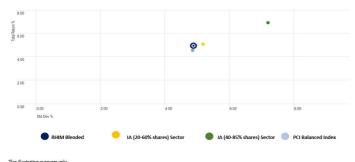
Risk Rating	1	2	3	4		5	6	7	8	9	10
	100% cash			50% Equity				100% Equity			6 EM Eq

Commentary

The Blended model was up 2.7% over the last three months. All equity markets were higher over the period as the U.S. Federal Reserve injected liquidity into the market but UK equities were particularly strong in the run up to the general election and on the Conservative win. Smaller companies were up 10% or 15% while the FTSE 100 was up 1.1% over the three months. US equities also performed strongly and the Artemis US Select fund was up over 8%. January was a difficult month as the coronavirus hit China and Asian and emerging market equities. This was compounded by the Fed trying to reverse some of its intervention. The US dollar was stronger which was a headwind for countries that borrow in dollars. The gold equity fund was up 6% over the three months but it was down 5% in January even though the gold price rose 5%. The real asset and infrastructure funds have performed better than the fixed income and absolute return funds that they replaced. Over three months, they were up 2-4% and the remaining strategic bond funds were up 2%. Over the year to the end of January, the Blended model was up 7.6% as equity and fixed income markets rose on the back of easier financial conditions.



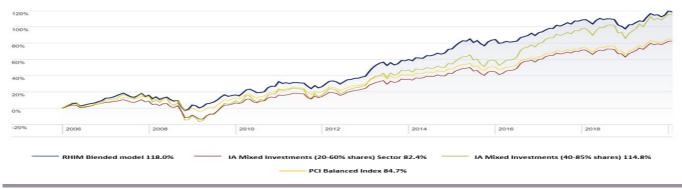




	1 year	5 years	10 years	Since Inception
RHIM Model	7.64%	23.10%	89.38%	117.98%
PCI Return	8.69%	22.67%	65.74%	84.68%
IA Sector	10.58%	30.58%	86.91%	98.62%

January 2020 UPDATE

Performance Chart since inception





INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT

Key Facts RHIM Blended

Launch Date 1st January 2006

IA Sector 50% IA 20-60% Sector

50% IA 40-85% Sector

Private Client Index (PCI) PCI Balanced Index

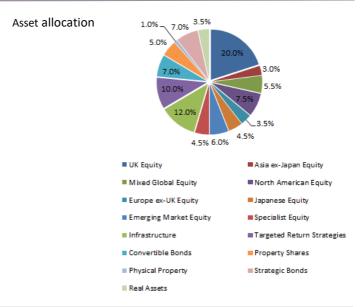
RHIM Fee 0.5% + VAT

No. Holdings 27

Historical Yield 2.99% (as at 31.01.20)

The Historic Yield reflects distributions declared over the past twelve months as a percentage of the valuation as at the date shown. Investors may be subject to tax on their distributions.

Risk Statistics-Data as at 31st December 2019



Worst Peak to Trough

Annualised Volatility

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RHIM Model – 3 years	4.47%	4.64%	-6.14%
IA Sector	5.34%	5.68%	-7.04%
RHIM Model – 5 years	4.93%	4.89%	-6.14%
IA Sector	5.98%	6.20%	-7.58%
RHIM Model – since inception	5.79%	6.34%	-18.15%
IA Sector	5.01%	8.03%	-25.41%

Annualised Return

Risk

Higher-risk investments tend to experience greater volatility, which means they are likely to go up and down in value more often and by larger amounts than lower-risk investments. In return, higher-risk investments have the potential to produce higher returns over the long term, although this is not guaranteed. If you do not understand the risks involved with the portfolio it is important that you seek clarification from your Financial Adviser before making an investment.

This Factsheet

This factsheet demonstrates the exposure, characteristics and performance of the named RHIM model. Your actual portfolio may differ depending on your individual circumstances. All features described in this fact sheet are current at the time of publication and may be changed in the future.

Currency

Some funds will hold overseas assets and as a result will also have exposure to overseas currencies. Exchange rates can fluctuate and may cause the value of the investment to rise or fall.

Investment Term

It is generally accepted that equity investments should be regarded as long term investments and should be held for a minimum of five years, ideally longer. Your time horizon and capacity for loss are important considerations when selecting the most appropriate RHIM model.

Property Funds

The value of property is generally a matter of a valuer's opinion which may not be readily realisable. There are liquidity risks associated with investing in property whereby encashments may be delayed waiting for properties to be sold.

Performance

It should be noted that past performance is not necessarily a guide to future performance. The price of shares/units and income from them may fall as well as rise and is not guaranteed. RHIM Performance illustrated is net of fund charges, but does not include Richmond House Investment Management discretionary management fees, nor fees that may be incurred through your Financial Adviser. PCI returns are net of the Discretionary Manager charges and use provisional data.

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