

RHIM CAUTIOUS MODEL FACTSHEET

The RHIM Cautious model aims to deliver capital growth over the medium term, with lower volatility than the sector average using collective investment schemes (funds). Asset allocation will be actively managed whilst maintaining a cautious risk profile. This is a multi-asset portfolio which may invest between 25% and 45% in traditional equity funds which will include UK and overseas equities. The remainder will be invested in lower risk funds such as targeted absolute return funds and at least 35% across fixed income and property. The model is also permitted to hold up to 10% in cash when deemed appropriate. In order to deliver returns in excess of cash over the longer term investors must accept that the investment could fall in value, particularly in the short term. The model will sit within risk profile 4 on a scale of 1-10, where 1 is cash and 10 is 100% high risk equity markets. Please see the reverse for historical volatility and peak to trough data.

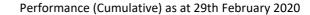


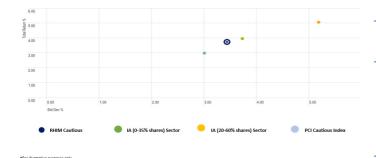
Commentary

February 2020 UPDATE

The Cautious model was down 2.8% over the last three months as equity markets fell sharply in February. The spread of the coronavirus to Europe caused economies to close and businesses to fail. Although UK equities did well in December, the downturn in February caused them to be amongst the weakest equity markets with the FTSE 100 down 9.6% in the three months. Smaller companies performed better and the Franklin UK Smaller Companies fund was only down 0.9%. The two global funds performed better, down 6-7%, while the M&G Global Listed Infrastructure fund was actually up 1%. The fixed income funds were just able to make a small profit over the three months of about 1% but the real asset funds were just negative. Gold equities were sold off in February along with every other asset class but the Merian Gold & Silver fund was still up 1% over the three months. Over the year, the Cautious model was up 1.9% as equities gave up their gains from recent years in the coronavirus sell-off.

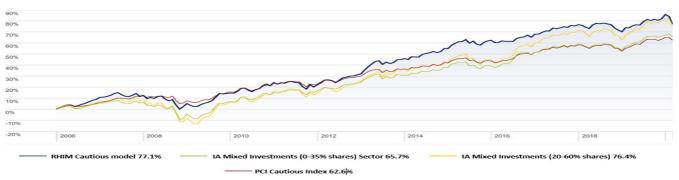
Risk Return (5 years) as at 31st December 2019





	1 year	5 years	10 years	Since Inception
RHIM Model	1.88%	10.86%	52.45%	77.05%
PCI Return	4.21%	12.18%	39.20%	62.61%
IA Sector	4.89%	18.55%	59.38%	71.02%

Performance Chart since inception





INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT

Key Facts RHIM Cautious

Launch Date 1st January 2006

50% IA 0-35 % Sector IA Sector

50% IA 20-60% Sector

Private Client Index (PCI) PCI Cautious Index

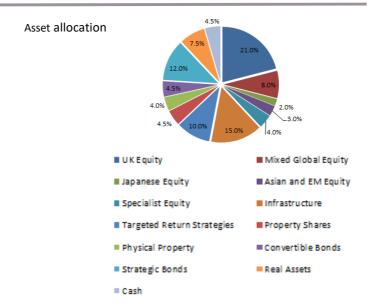
RHIM Fee 0.5% + VAT

No. Holdings 20

Historical Yield 3.57% (as at 29.02.20)

Risk Statistics-Data as at 31st December 2019

The Historic Yield reflects distributions declared over the past twelve months as a percentage of the valuation as at the date shown. Investors may be subject to tax on their distributions.



Worst Peak to Trough

Annualised Volatility

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RHIM Model – 3 years	3.42%	3.27%	-4.43%
IA Sector	3.90%	3.83%	-4.64%
RHIM Model – 5 years	3.71%	3.44%	-4.43%
IA Sector	4.50%	4.46%	5.43%
RHIM Model – since inception	4.53%	4.54%	-13.07%
IA Sector	4.07%	5.75%	-18.85%

Annualised Return

Risk

Higher-risk investments tend to experience greater volatility, which means they are likely to go up and down in value more often and by larger amounts than lower-risk investments. In return, higher-risk investments have the potential to produce higher returns over the long term, although this is not guaranteed. If you do not understand the risks involved with the portfolio it is important that you seek clarification from your Financial Adviser before making an investment.

This Factsheet

This factsheet demonstrates the exposure, characteristics and performance of the named RHIM model. Your actual portfolio may differ depending on your individual circumstances. All features described in this fact sheet are current at the time of publication and may be changed in the future.

Currency

Some funds will hold overseas assets and as a result will also have exposure to overseas currencies. Exchange rates can fluctuate and may cause the value of the investment to rise or fall.

Investment Term

It is generally accepted that equity investments should be regarded as long term investments and should be held for a minimum of five years, ideally longer. Your time horizon and capacity for loss are important considerations when selecting the most appropriate RHIM model.

Property Funds

The value of property is generally a matter of a valuer's opinion which may not be readily realisable. There are liquidity risks associated with investing in property whereby encashments may be delayed waiting for properties to be sold.

Performance

It should be noted that past performance is not necessarily a guide to future performance. The price of shares/units and income from them may fall as well as rise and is not guaranteed. RHIM Performance illustrated is net of fund charges, but does not include Richmond House Investment Management discretionary management fees, nor fees that may be incurred through your Financial Adviser. PCI returns are net of the Discretionary Manager charges and use provisional data.

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