

RHIM STRATEGIC MODEL FACTSHEET

The RHIM Strategic model is a defensive multi-asset portfolio which aims to generate growth ahead of inflation over a rolling 3 year period yet operate with a low level of volatility, using collective investment schemes (funds). The emphasis is on capital preservation and steady returns. The majority of the model will be invested in lower risk funds, with a maximum of 30% permitted in traditional equity funds. Targeted absolute return funds and fixed income will be used, in addition to property and cash as deemed appropriate. Asset allocation will be actively managed whilst maintaining a low risk profile. Any falls in the value of a portfolio should usually be small. However, potential returns are also likely to be modest. The model will sit within risk profile 3 on a scale of 1-10, where 1 is cash and 10 is 100% in emerging markets. Please see the reverse for historical volatility and peak to trough data.

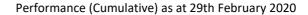
Risk Rating	1 2	[3]	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	100% cash		50% E	quity		100% Equity	y	100%	EM Eq

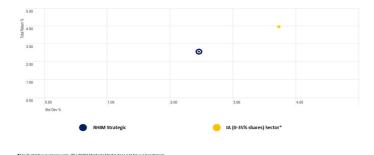
Commentary

February 2020 UPDATE

The Strategic model was down 2.1% over the three months to February as UK equities fell in February. UK stocks gave up their gains on December's election result over the next two months as the coronavirus reached Europe. The FTSE index has larger weightings in the financials and commodity sectors than other regions and these were weak as interest rates were cut and global growth came to a halt. UK smaller companies, with their greater domestic exposure, benefitted from the election result and were spared the worst of the global growth sell-off. The Franklin UK Smaller Companies fund was down 0.9% while the FTSE 100 was down 9.6% in the three months. The defensive global equity fund was down 5% while the real asset funds were just negative. They have a higher yield than most fixed income funds and they should do better when inflation picks up. However, big market falls pull down inflationary expectations so their return was less than the 1.5% return from the strategic bond funds in the period. The Strategic model was up 1.3% over the year to 29 February 2020, 0.5% behind UK CPI.

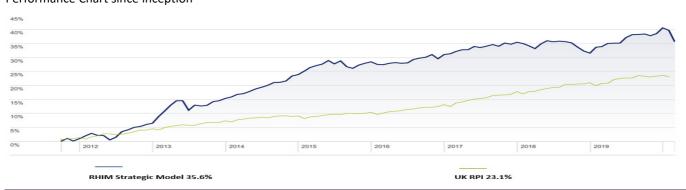
Risk Return (5 years) as at 31st December 2019





	1 year	5 years	10 years	Since Inception
RHIM Model	1.30%	7.29%	n/a	35.59%

Performance Chart since inception





Vou Foote	RHIM Strategic	Asset allocation		
Key Facts	ScratcB.o		■ UK Equity	
Launch Date	1 st October 2011		■ Mixed Global Equity	
IA Sector	N/A	8.5%	■ Specialist Equity ■ Targeted Return Strategies	
Private Client Index (PCI)	N/A	16.0%	Infrastructure	
RHIM Fee	0.5% + VAT	19.0% 12.0%	Convertible Bonds	
No. Holdings	15	14.0%	Property Shares Physical Property	
Historical Yield	3.33% (as at 29.02.20)	10.0%	■ Real Assets	
		2.376.3	■ Strategic Bonds	
The Historic Yield reflects dis past twelve months as a perc	stributions declared over the entage of the valuation as at		Structured Products	
the date shown. Investors m distributions.	ay be subject to tax on their		■ Cash	

Risk Statistics-Data as at 31st December 2019	Annualised Return	Annualised Volatility	Worst Peak to Trough	
RHIM Model – 3 years	2.37%	2.39%	-3.26%	
IA Sector	3.34%	3.02%	-3.49%	
RHIM Model – 5 years	2.56%	2.46%	-3.26%	
IA Sector	3.95%	3.73%	-4.40%	
RHIM Model – since inception	4.21%	2.87%	-3.26%	
IA Sector	4.87%	3.71%	-4.40%	

Risk

Higher-risk investments tend to experience greater volatility, which means they are likely to go up and down in value more often and by larger amounts than lower-risk investments. In return, higher-risk investments have the potential to produce higher returns over the long term, although this is not guaranteed. If you do not understand the risks involved with the portfolio it is important that you seek clarification from your Financial Adviser before making an investment.

This Factsheet

This factsheet demonstrates the exposure, characteristics and performance of the named RHIM model. Your actual portfolio may differ depending on your individual circumstances. All features described in this fact sheet are current at the time of publication and may be changed in the future.

Currency

Some funds will hold overseas assets and as a result will also have exposure to overseas currencies. Exchange rates can fluctuate and may cause the value of the investment to rise or fall.

Investment Term

It is generally accepted that equity investments should be regarded as long term investments and should be held for a minimum of five years, ideally longer. Your time horizon and capacity for loss are important considerations when selecting the most appropriate RHIM model.

Property Funds

The value of property is generally a matter of a valuer's opinion which may not be readily realisable. There are liquidity risks associated with investing in property whereby encashments may be delayed waiting for properties to be sold.

Performance

It should be noted that past performance is not necessarily a guide to future performance. The price of shares/units and income from them may fall as well as rise and is not guaranteed. RHIM Performance illustrated is net of fund charges, but does not include Richmond House Investment Management discretionary management fees, nor fees that may be incurred through your Financial Adviser. PCI returns are net of the Discretionary Manager charges and use provisional data.

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